WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- An arrayed waveguide grating, comprising:
- 2 a substrate;
- 3 a first channel waveguide disposed on the substrate;
- a channel waveguide array disposed on said substrate and
- 5 constituted in such that each length of waveguides is sequentially
- 6 longer with a predetermined difference in lengths of the
- 7 waveguides;

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- a first slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and connecting said first channel waveguide with said channel waveguide array;
- a second slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and
 connecting an end of said channel waveguide array on the side
 wherein said first slab waveguide has not been connected thereto
 with an end thereof; and
- a second channel waveguide disposed on said substrate and connected to the other end of said second slab waveguide wherein a waveguide part in the connected area has a parabolic configuration.
- 2. An arrayed waveguide grating, comprising:
- a substrate;
- 3 a first channel waveguide disposed on the substrate;
- a channel waveguide array disposed on said substrate and
- 5 constituted in such that each length of waveguides is sequentially
- 6 longer with a predetermined difference in lengths of the
- 7 waveguides:

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a first slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and connecting said first channel waveguide with said channel waveguide array;

a second slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and connecting an end of said channel waveguide array on the side wherein said first slab waveguide has not been connected thereto with an end thereof; and

a second channel waveguide disposed on said substrate and connected to the other end of said second slab waveguide wherein a waveguide part in the connected area has a configuration as a multi-mode interference in which a width of optical waveguide changes step-functionally and discontinuously.

- 3. An arrayed waveguide graying, comprising:
- 2 a substrate;
- 3 a first channel waveguide disposed on the substrate;
- a channel waveguide array disposed on said substrate and constituted in such that each length of waveguides is sequentially
- 6 longer with a predetermined difference in lengths of the
- 7 waveguides;
- a first slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and
- 9 connecting said first/channel waveguide with said channel
- 10 waveguide array;
- a second slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and
- 12 connecting an end/of said channel waveguide array on the side
- 13 wherein said first slab waveguide has not been connected thereto
- 14 with an end the reof; and
- a second channel waveguide disposed on said substrate and

- 16 connected to the other end of said second slab waveguide wherein
 - 17 a waveguide part in the connected area has a rectangular field
- · 18 distribution exciting configuration that excites a rectangular
- · 19 field distribution.
 - 1 4. An arrayed waveguide grating as claimed in claim 1,
 - 2 wherein:
 - 3 said parabolic configuration is individually adjusted in
 - 4 response to respective wavelengths of multiplexed optical signals
 - 5 input to said first channel waveguide.
 - 5. An arrayed waveguide grating as claimed in claim 2,
 - 2 wherein:
 - 3 said configuration as a multi-mode interference is
 - 4 individually adjusted in response to respective wavelengths of
 - 5 multiplexed optical signals input to said first channel waveguide.
 - 6. An arrayed waveguide grating as claimed in claim 3,
 - 2 wherein:

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- 3 said rectangular field distribution exciting configuration
- 4 is individually adjusted in response to respective wavelengths of
- 5 multiplexed optical signals input to said first channel waveguide.
- 7. An arrayed waveguide grating as claimed in claim 3.
- 2 wherein:
- 3 said regtangular field distribution exciting configuration
- 4 is such a configuration that an angle θw defined by a boundary part
- 5 of an outputting channel waveguide in a starting point from which

- 6 a width of waveguide changes and a central axis of the waveguide
- 7 has a value larger than zero degree and smaller than ninety degrees,
- 8 and tapered configurations are excluded from these resulting
- 9 configurations.
- 8. An optical communication system, comprising:
- an optical transmission means for delivering optical signals
- 3 having respective wavelengths in/parallel;
- a multiplexer composed of arrayed waveguide gratings for
- 5 subjecting the optical signals having the respective wavelengths
- 6 delivered from said optical gransmission means to wavelength
- 7 division multiplexing;
- an optical transmission line for transmitting the optical
- 9 signals which have been wave ength division-multiplexed and output
- 10 from said multiplexer;
- nodes each provided with an arrayed waveguide grating dis-
- 12 posed properly in the middle of said optical transmission line;
- a demultiplexer composed of an arrayed waveguide gratings to
- which optical signals delivered through said nodes disposed on said
- 15 optical transmission line are input to separate into each of
- 16 optical signals having respective wavelengths; and
- an optical receiver for receiving optical signals having the
- 18 respective wavelengths separated by said demultiplexer;
- 19 each of sate darrayed waveguide gratings being composed of a
- 20 substrate; a first channel waveguide disposed on the substrate;
- 21 a channel waveguide array disposed on said substrate and
- 22 constituted in such that each length of waveguides is sequentially
- 23 longer with a predetermined difference in lengths of the

cites a rectangular field distribution.

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waveguides; a first slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and 24 25 connecting said first channel waveguide/with said channel 26 waveguide array; a second slab waveguide sisposed on said substrate 27 and connecting an end of said channel vaveguide array on the side wherein said first slab waveguide has not been connected thereto 28 29 with an end thereof; and a second channel waveguide disposed on 30 said substrate and connected to the other end of said second slab 31 waveguide wherein a waveguide part in the connected area has a rectangular field distribution /exciting configuration that ex-. 32

9. An optical communication system, comprising:

an arrayed waveguide grating having a circular transmission line prepared by connecting circularly a plurality of nodes by means of transmission lines and transmitting optical signals which have been wavelength division-multiplexed to these transmission lines, and separating the wavelength division-multiplexed optical signals into optical signals having respective wavelengths; and

an arrayed waveguide grating for wavelength divisionmultiplexing optical signals, which have been separated into those having respective wavelengths;

each of these respective arrayed waveguide gratings being composed of a substrate; a first channel waveguide disposed on the substrate; a channel waveguide array disposed on said substrate and constituted in such that each length of waveguides is sequentially longer with a predetermined difference in lengths of the waveguides; a first slab waveguide disposed on said substrate and connecting said first channel waveguide with said channel

waveguide array; a second clab waveguide disposed on said substrate
and connecting an end of said channel waveguide array on the side
wherein said first slab waveguide has not been connected thereto
with an end thereof, and a second channel waveguide disposed on
said substrate and connected to the other end of said second slab
waveguide wherein a waveguide part in the connected area has a
rectangular field distribution exciting configuration that excites a rectangular field distribution.

Graph.